Name	Supervisor	Title	Abstract
Harumi SAITO	Katsunori OKAJIMA	Modeling of higher-level color perception in different color vision characteristics	This study explores higher-level color perceptions of color-vision deficiencies, utilizing psychophysical methods and experiments. The experiment results show that color impressions of dichromats are similar to that of trichromats, whereas the performance of dichromats are totally different from that of trichromats with their color naming task. Here, note that "color impression" stands for warmness or meaning of colors. Deliverables of the study provides useful guidelines for upcoming color design considering the diversity of color vision characteristics.

List of Dissertation Abstract (Information Media and Environment Sciences)

Kosaku	Tomoharu	A study on automatic construction	In the machine learning community, data augmentation
FUJITA	NAGAO	of training images by using	techniques have been widely used to make deep neural
		Evolutionary Image Processing	networks invariant to object transition. However, less
			attention has been paid to data augmentation in
			traditional classification methods. In this paper, we take
			a closer look at traditional classification methods and
			introduce a new data augmentation technique based on
			the concept of image transformation. Starting with a few
			existing examples, we add noise and generate new data
			points to reduce sparseness in a given feature space.
			Then, we generate images corresponding to the new
			data points, although this is usually an ill-posed
			problem. Herein, the novelty is in constructing an image
			transformation tree and generating new data from a
			small number of instances. This allows us to reduce
			sparseness in the feature space and build more robust
			classifiers. We evaluate our method on the Caltech-101
			dataset to verify its potential. In the context of the
			situation where the amount of training data is limited,
			we demonstrate that the support vector machine-based
			classifiers trained with an augmented dataset using our

			method outperform classifiers trained with the original dataset in most cases.
Yoshihiro	Atsuhiro	Coloring and reductions of graphs	A generating theorem for a graph class C on a closed
ASAYAMA	NAKAMOTO	on surfaces	surface is to determine minimal graphs D and
			transformations X such that every graph in C can be
			generated from D by X. In this paper, I deal with the
			generation theorems of triangulations on closed surfaces
			and prove the generating theorem of even triangulations
			on the Klein bottle and show that it can be applied to
			various coloring problems. We also introduce a result for
			the "dynamic coloring" of triangulations on the plane by
			using the generating theorem.

CHUN-JUNG	Tsutomu	A Study on Observation, Analysis,	Recently, cyber attacks in IoT become increasingly
WU	MATSUMOTO	and Countermeasure of Cyber	rampant. Mirai Botnets executed the massive distributed
		Attacks in IoT	denial of service (DDoS) attack since 2016. IoT malware
			plays a significant role, and therefore countermeasures
			are required. When thinking of malware
			countermeasures, it is essential to understand their
			behavior. Machine learning-based analysis, in which
			analyzing malware attack vector s, has been widely
			used. In this dissertation, we propose a machine
			learning-based classification/clustering method against
			IoT malware and a whitelisting-based countermeasure
			for low- cost IoT devices.

Hisao	Tsutomu	A Study on ATM Security	Recently, criminals frequently carry out logical attacks on
OGATA	MATSUMOTO	Measures by Command	ATMs (Automated Teller Machines) systems to steal cash
		Verification	from ATMs in more than 30 countries. In order to effectively prevent the logical attacks, we proposed Command Verification that the cash handling module in the ATM itself validates the cash dispensing command sent from the PC in the ATM, which is the control unit of the ATM, instead of protecting the PC. In addition, we also proposed that a general application scheme of Command Verification which is applicable to multiple ATM systems and transactions. (Updated summary)
Yumiko OHNO	Seiya NEGAMI	Facially-constrained colorings of triangulations on closed surfaces	A facially-constrained coloring is a coloring of a graph on a closed surface with additional conditions of vertices on boundaries of each face. A triangulation is a graph on a closed surface such that any face is triangular. In this study, we consider a facially-constrained coloring of a triangulation such that three vertices on the boundary of each face receive three consecutive colors when we define the set of n colors as a cyclic group. Moreover, we consider a facially-constrained coloring of a triangulation

Junichi SAKAMOTO SAKAMOTO ATSUMOTO ATSUMOTO ATSUMOTO A Study on Laser Fault Attacks and Countermeasures in Embedded Processors Embedded Processors This paper shows a new attack that is caused by las irradiation onto a flash memory. We call this attack "instruction manipulation". Defeating an existing ant fault countermeasure scheme by the instruction manipulation presents the necessity of a ne countermeasure against the instruction manipulation. We model the ability of the instruction manipulation fro obtained experimental results, and propose a softwar countermeasure against the instruction manipulation Moreover, this paper proposes a program extraction method to ease instruction manipulation				G such that any triple of colors appears on vertices of the boundaries of faces in G.
	Junichi SAKAMOTO	Tsutomu MATSUMOTO	A Study on Laser Fault Attacks and Countermeasures in Embedded Processors	This paper shows a new attack that is caused by laser irradiation onto a flash memory. We call this attack "instruction manipulation". Defeating an existing anti- fault countermeasure scheme by the instruction manipulation presents the necessity of a new countermeasure against the instruction manipulation. We model the ability of the instruction manipulation from obtained experimental results, and propose a software countermeasure against the instruction manipulation. Moreover, this paper proposes a program extraction method to ease instruction manipulation.

Shingo	Junji	A Study on Cryptography	In recent years, the development of quantum computers
SATO	SHIKATA	Resistant to Quantum Computing	has been progressed, and the performance has been
			improved. If sufficiently large-scale quantum computers
			are built in the future, current widely used cryptosystems
			are broken theoretically. Thus, it is important to design
			constructions of cryptography resistant to quantum
			computing (post-quantum cryptography). In this thesis,
			we focus on post-quantum cryptography with
			confidentiality or integrity, in security models in which
			many users can use quantum computers. We propose
			constructions of encryption and authentication, and prove
			that these satisfy confidentiality or integrity in the
			security models.

Kazuki	Tsutomu	A Study on Analysis and	Fraudulent financial transfer via MITB attack have
TAKADA	MATSUMOTO	Countermeasure against MITB	become major threats. This research aims to develop
		Attack based on Long-term	MITB attack countermeasures. I propose analysis method
		Observation of Financial Malware	of MITB attack based on long-term observation for
			financial malwares. In addition, in general, cyber attacks
			and countermeasures have the problem that attackers
			and defenders compete with each other and fall into the
			``Attack and defense infinite loop". Therefore, I propose
			MITB attack countermeasure ecosystem that can
			mitigate MITB attacks by updating the countermeasures
			appropriately and can finally end the Attack and defense
			infinite loop with defender advantage.